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is perfect health; but to enjoy good health it is necessary first to get rid of the minor ailments caused by defective or irregular action of the stomach, liver, kidneys and bowels, ailments which spoil life, dull pleasure, and make all sufferers feel tired or good for nothing.

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have proved themselves to be the best corrective or preventive of these troubles. They insure better feelings and those who rely upon them soon find themselves so brisk and strong they are better able to work and enjoy life. For that reason alone, Beecham's Pills are

The Favorite Family Medicine

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Directions with every box show the way to good health.

STATE OF WEST VIRGINIA, To-wit:

At rules held in the office of the Clerk of the Circuit Court of Harrison County, West Virginia, on Monday, the 3rd day of March, 1913, the following order was entered:

Frank M. Clousson and Lou Henlen, partners doing business under the firm name and style of Clousson & Henlen, v. Joseph R. Elless, Sheridan R. Griffin, James B. Coryell, J. Wade Agnew, B. Grant Griffin and Alice Griffin, —IN CHANCERY.

The object of this suit is to establish and enforce a lien for \$1,389.20, with interest from February 3, 1912, for drilling and casing a well for oil and gas purposes situated on a certain tract of land, in Eagle district, Harrison County, West Virginia, on the waters of Jones Run, containing 46 acres, more or less, leased for oil and gas purposes by U. Grant Griffin and Alice Griffin and Alice Griffin, his wife, by lease dated December 25, 1911, to Sheridan R. Griffin, of record in the office of the Clerk of the County Court of said county in Deed Book No. 202, page 373, an interest in which lease was assigned by said Sheridan R. Griffin to Joseph R. Elless by assignment dated February 15, 1912, of record in said office in Deed Book No. 210, page 473, and an interest in the well to be drilled on which said land was assigned by said Elless to James B. Coryell by assignment dated February 3, 1912, of record in said office in Deed Book No. 212, page 262, said lien being claimed on and against the leasehold estate or term of years created by said lease, the well drilled on said land by the plaintiffs, the casing in and of said well, and the wooden rig, 150 feet 10 inch casing, 126 feet 6 5/8 inch casing, one 6 5/8 inch packer, 1746 feet 3 inch tubing and 99 feet of 6 1/4 inch line pipe situated on said land; the account for the work and labor for which said lien is claimed being of record in the office of said in Mechanic's Lien Docket No. 4, page —. And the further object of this suit is that said Joseph R. Elless and Sheridan R. Griffin, or one of them, may be decreed to pay to the plaintiffs said sum of \$1,389.20, and the further sum of \$1,560, the amount of damages sustained by said plaintiffs for breach of the contract for drilling said well, with interest on said sums, and that in default of the said payment said leasehold estate or term of years, well, rig and the residue of said property may be sold and the proceeds of sale applied to the payment of said sums; and general relief. And it appearing by affidavit duly filed in this cause, that the defendant James R. Coryell is not a resident of the State of West Virginia, it is ordered that said James B. Coryell do appear within one month after the date of the first publication of this order and do what is necessary to protect his interests.

Witness my hand this 3rd day of March, 1913.

I, WADE COFFMAN, Clerk.

A copy, Attest:

I, WADE COFFMAN, Clerk.

GEORGE M. HOFFHEIMER, Counsel for Plaintiffs.

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WILSON'S

(Continued from page two.)

the bad with the good, the debased and decadent with the sound and vital. With this vision we approach new affairs. Our duty is to cleanse, to reconsider, to restore, to correct the evil without impairing the good, to purify and humanize every process of our common life without weakening or sentimentalizing it. There has been something crude and heartless and unfeeling in our haste to succeed and be great. Our thought has been 'Let every man look out for himself, let every generation look out for itself,' while we reared giant machinery which made it impossible that any but those who stood at the levers of control should have a chance to look out for themselves. We had not forgotten our morals. We remembered well enough that we had set up a policy which was meant to serve the humblest as well as the most powerful, with an eye to the standards of justice and fair play, and remembered it with pride. But we were very heedless and in a hurry to be great.

"We have come now to the sober second thought. The scales of heedlessness have fallen from our eyes. We have made up our minds to square every process of our national life again with the standards we so proudly set up at the beginning and have always carried at our hearts. Our work is a work of restoration.

"We have itemized with some degree of particularity the things that ought to be altered and here are some of the chief items: A tariff which cuts us off from our proper part in the commerce of the world, violates the just principles of taxation, and makes the government a facile instrument in the hands of private interests; a banking and currency system based upon the necessity of the government to sell its bonds fifty years ago and perfectly adapted to concentrating cash and restricting credits; an industrial system which, take it on all its sides, financial as well as administrative, holds capital in leading strings, restricts the liberties and limits the opportunities of labor, and exploits without renewing or conserving the natural resources of the country; a body of agricultural activities never yet given the efficiency of great business undertakings or served as it should be through the instrumentality of science taken directly to the farm, or afforded the facilities of credit best suited to its practical needs, water-courses undeveloped, waste places unreclaimed, forests untended, fast disappearing without plan or prospect of renewal, unregarded waste heaps at every mine. We have studied as perhaps no other nation has the most effective means of production, but we have not studied cost or economy as we should either as organizers of industry, as statesmen, or as individuals.

"Nor have we studied and perfected the means by which government may be put at the service of humanity, in safeguarding the health of the nation, the health of its men and its women and its children, as well as their rights in the struggle for existence. This is no sentimental duty. The firm basis of government is justice, not pity. These are matters of justice. There can be no equality or opportunity, the first essential of justice in the body politic, if men and women and children be not shielded in their lives, their very vitality, from the consequences of great industrial and social processes which they cannot alter, control, or singly cope with. Society must see to it that it does not itself crush or weaken or damage its own constituent parts. The first duty of law is to keep sound the society it serves. Sanitary laws, pure food laws, and laws determining conditions of labor which individuals are powerless to determine for themselves are intimate parts of the very business of justice and legal efficiency.

"These are some of the things we ought to do, and not leave the others undone, the old-fashioned, never-to-be-neglected, fundamental safeguarding of property and of individual right. This is the high enterprise of the new day: to lift everything that concerns our life as a nation to the light that shines from the hearthfire of every man's conscience and vision of the right. It is inconceivable that we should do this as partisans: it is inconceivable we should do it in ignorance of the facts as they are or in blind haste. We shall restore, not destroy. We shall deal with our economic system as it is and as it may be modified, not as it might be if we had a clean sheet of paper to write upon; and step by step we shall make it what it should be, in the spirit of those who question their own wisdom and seek counsel and knowledge, not shallow self-satisfaction or the excitement of excursions which they cannot tell. Justice, and only justice, shall always be our motto.

"And yet it will be no cool process of mere science. The nation has been deeply stirred, stirred by a solemn passion, stirred by the knowledge of wrong, of ideals lost, of government too often debauched and made an instrument of evil. The feelings with which we face this new age of right and opportunity sweep across our heart-strings like some air out of God's own presence, where justice and mercy are reconciled and the judge and the brother are one. We know our task to be no mere task of politics but a task which shall search us through and through, whether we be able to understand our time and the need of our people, whether we be indeed their spokesmen and interpreters, whether we have the pure heart to comprehend and the rectified will to choose our high course of action.

"This is not a day of triumph; it is a day of dedication. Here muster, not the forces of party, but the forces of humanity. Men's hearts wait upon us; men's lives hang in the balance; men's hopes call upon us to say what we will do. Who shall live up to the great trust? Who dares fail to try? I summon all honest men, all patriotic, all forward-looking men, to my side. God helping me, I will not fail them, if they will but counsel and sustain me!"

DREAM

(Continued from page one.)

wide expanse of Pennsylvania avenue immediately fronting and extending the entire length of the White House grounds. Usually, great columns and arches of classical design, with shields and banners and the insignia of a Roman triumph, have marked this precinct of chief activity. But today simplicity is the dominant note, with nature taking the place of art, and great forest cedars replacing the classic columns and Venetian masts for past inaugurations. Before this wide area usually stand out the monuments and trees of Lafayette Square, but today these were shut off by great tiers of seats, rising to the tree tops and sweeping along the whole front of the park.

In choosing the decorating scheme for this central point the Court of Honor, as well as for the broad plaza fronting the Union Station, the embellishment of public and private buildings and the decorations generally along the thoroughfares, the Inaugural Committee was guided by President Wilson's desire to avoid elaborate display.

It was with this idea in view that the principal feature of the president's reviewing stand was designed as a replica of the portico of Monticello, the home of Thomas Jefferson, regarded as a type of that simplicity which the early president exemplified. This replica of Monticello is directly in front of the White House, forming the left front of the broad Court of Honor. While preserving the severe design of the original structure, the replica suggests some of the stately old mansions of the South, the row of colonial pillars along the front resembling the porticoes of Mount Ver-

non and Arlington, as well as those of Monticello. The Monticello replica forms the main part of the reviewing stand, and in this was erected the glass enclosure, where, free from the possibilities of inclement weather, the president could review the marching thousands of the inaugural parade.

The decorations of the portico were in keeping with no color other than white along its entire front and with the usual display of flags, sun-bursts and other elaborate designs. Its only dash of vivid color was in a small draped president's flag, barely discernible above the chair occupied by the president. The white of the reviewing stands was relieved only by a few garlands of laurel and evergreen, while farther back the Court of Honor was enclosed by high walls of fresh green cedar trees brought from the Virginia hills.

The Court of Honor extended from the Treasury Building, at Fifteenth street and Pennsylvania avenue, to the State, War and Navy building at Seventeenth and Pennsylvania avenue, a distance of a little more than 1,000 feet. This stretch was practically enclosed with tall and graceful cedar trees about thirty feet high, making a complete circle of the enclosure and forming the background for the reviewing stands. At either entrance to the court were placed two giant cedars, looming some fifty feet high, these huge products of nature replacing the ponderous arches which at former inaugurations were among the main features of the decorations.

In choosing the colors—green of the forest trees and white of the reviewing stands—without the usual bunting, shields and flags, Waddy B. Wood, architect and chairman of the decoration committee, kept in mind that the inaugural parade would supply ample color, with its thousands of uniformed soldiers, sailors and ma-



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Sanitary Notice.
Travelling over the city, I notice considerable filth, dirt and rubbish on many premises.
This is to notify all persons whose premises are in an unsanitary condition to clean the same up at once and place the property in a healthful and sanitary condition.

Spring is almost here and these warm, sultry days are very effective on unsanitary conditions, causing bad odors and diseases.
The first of March I expect to inspect every property in the city and report its condition to the Health Department, stating the conditions just as found.

W. W. OURS,
Sanitary Officer.

Those work seekers who expect to find a job through one publication of a want ad in the Telegram are sometimes disappointed—though not always!

Empire Building Directory

H. C. Alexander Brokerage Co.
Room 427 Fourth Floor

Board of Education,
Clarksburg Independent District.
Room 431 Fourth Floor

Croft Lumber Co.,
J. H. Henderson, Pres.,
Room 644 Sixth Floor

Alexander & Alexander,
Insurance.
Room 426 Fourth Floor

Walter Barger,
Room 644 Sixth Floor

C. A. Butcher,
Lumber.
Room 420 Third Floor

D. D. Britt,
Civil Engineer,
Room 322 Third Floor

Consolidation Coal Co.,
Rooms 533-540 Fifth Floor

Citizens' Loan Co.,
Room 316 Third Floor

Empire Sign Co.,
Office, entrance basement.

R. G. Dun & Co.,
Room 650 Sixth Floor

Miss Beulah W. Morgan
Room 645 Sixth Floor

Dr. R. L. Osborn,
Room 205 Second Floor

Public Stenographer,
Room 211½ Second Floor

C. A. Osborn,
Room 319 Third Floor

Prudential Life Insurance Co.,
Room 230 Fourth Floor

Rich Mountain Coal Co.,
Room 427 Fourth Floor

Pittsburg Provision & Packing Co.,
Room 429 Fourth Floor

Fairmont Coal Co.,
Room 535 Fifth Floor

G. W. Gall, Jr.,
Room 650 Sixth Floor

Home Loan Co.,
Dr. E. A. Hill,
Physician,
Rooms 201-202 Second Floor

Clarksburg Telegram Co.,
Printers and Publishers,
First Floor Main Street

Holmboe & Lafferty,
Architects,
Rooms 551-554 Sixth Floor

Harrison County Medical Society,
Room 208 Second Floor

Hope Natural Gas Co.,
Rooms 754 to 761 Seventh Floor

International Life Insurance Co.,
Room 644 Sixth Floor

Dr. S. M. Mason,
Rooms 201-202 Second Floor

Metropolitan Life Insurance Co.,
Suite 315 Third Floor

Neft & Lohm
Attorneys-at-Law,
Room 207 Second Floor

S. Newman,
Ladies' Tailor,
Room 533-541-42 Fifth Floor

Owens Bridge Co.,
Rooms 320-321 Third Floor

Richards Construction Co.,
Contractors,
Rooms 645-646 ½-646 Sixth Floor

Star, Rig, Reel & Supply Co.,
Oil and Gas Well
Contractors' Supplies,
Room 422 Fourth Floor

Sperry & Sperry,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Rooms 202-4 Second Floor

W. H. Taylor,
Lawyer,
Room 422 Fourth Floor

A. K. Thorn & Co.,
Bonds
Room 428 Fourth Floor

Union Central Life Insurance Co.,
Room 645 Sixth Floor

Olandus West,
Coal, Oil and Gas,
Room 318 Third Floor

Dr. J. E. Wilson,
Physician,
Room 211½ Second Floor

R. H. Wilson,
Lawyer,
Room 206 Second Floor

Dr. R. D. Rumbaugh,
Dentist,
Rooms 312-313 Third Floor

West Virginia Fair Association,
Room 649 Sixth Floor

Lewis M. Sutton
Special Agent Mutual Life Ins. Co.,
Mezzanine Floor

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Room 317 Third Floor

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